

## General Assembly

## **Amendment**

January Session, 2005

LCO No. 6325

\*HB0690606325HD0\*

Offered by:

REP. FONTANA, 87<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. FONFARA, 1<sup>st</sup> Dist. REP. DELGOBBO, 70<sup>th</sup> Dist. SEN. HERLIHY, 8<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6906** 

File No. 220

Cal. No. 212

## "AN ACT CONCERNING ENERGY INDEPENDENCE."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 16-1 of the general statutes is
- 4 amended by adding subdivisions (42) to (44), inclusive, as follows
- 5 (*Effective from passage*):
- 6 (NEW) (42) "Combined heat and power system" means a system
- 7 that produces, from a single source, both electric power and thermal
- 8 energy used in any process that results in an aggregate reduction in
- 9 electricity use;
- 10 (NEW) (43) "Grid-side distributed resources" means the generation
- 11 of electricity from a unit with a summer capacity rating of not more

12 than forty megawatts that is connected to the transmission or

- 13 distribution system, which units may include, but are not limited to,
- 14 units used primarily to generate electricity to meet peak demand;
- 15 (NEW) (44) "Class III renewable energy source" means the electricity
- 16 output from combined heat and power systems with an operating
- 17 efficiency level of no less than fifty per cent that are part of customer-
- 18 side distributed resources developed at commercial and industrial
- 19 facilities in this state on or after January 1, 2006, or the electricity
- 20 savings created at commercial and industrial facilities in this state from
- 21 conservation and load management programs begun on or after
- 22 January 1, 2006.
- Sec. 2. Subdivisions (40) and (41) of subsection (a) of section 16-1 of
- 24 the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in
- 25 lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 26 (40) ["Distributed generation"] "Customer-side distributed
- 27 <u>resources"</u> means (A) the generation of electricity <u>from a unit</u> on the
- 28 premises of [an] a retail end user within the transmission and
- 29 distribution system including, but not limited to, fuel cells,
- 30 photovoltaic systems or small wind turbines, or (B) a reduction in the
- 31 <u>demand for electricity on the premises of a retail end user in the</u>
- 32 <u>distribution system through methods of conservation and load</u>
- 33 management, including, but not limited to, peak reducing systems and
- 34 <u>demand response systems</u>; and
- 35 (41) "Federally mandated congestion costs" means any cost
- 36 approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as part of
- 37 New England Standard Market Design including, but not limited to,
- 38 locational marginal pricing, locationally installed capacity payments
- 39 and reliability must run contracts.
- Sec. 3. Subsection (d) of section 16-19ss of the general statutes is
- 41 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 42 passage):

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow an electric distribution company to own, operate, lease or control any facility or asset that generates electricity, or retain any interest in such facility or asset as part of any transaction concluded pursuant to this section, except as provided in subsection (e) of section 16-244e, as amended by this act, and section 12 of this act.

- Sec. 4. Subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 16-244e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
  - (6) Once unbundling is completed to the satisfaction of the department and consistent with the provisions of section 16-244, (A) any corporate affiliate or separate division that provides electric generation services as a result of unbundling pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a generation entity or affiliate of the electric company, and the division or corporate affiliate of the electric company that provides transmission and distribution services shall be considered an electric distribution company, and (B) an electric distribution company shall not own or operate generation assets, except that an electric distribution company may own or operate grid-side distributed resources pursuant to section 12 of this act.
- Sec. 5. Section 16-245m of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
  - (a) (1) On and after January 1, 2000, the Department of Public Utility Control shall assess or cause to be assessed a charge of three mills per kilowatt hour of electricity sold to each end use customer of an electric distribution company to be used to implement the program as provided in this section for conservation and load management programs but not for the amortization of costs incurred prior to July 1, 1997, for such conservation and load management programs.
- 72 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, receipts from 73 such charge shall be disbursed to the resources of the General Fund 74 during the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2005, unless the

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department shall, on or before October 30, 2003, issue a financing order for each affected distribution company in accordance with sections 16-245e to 16-245k, inclusive, to sustain funding of conservation and load management programs by substituting an equivalent amount, as determined by the department in such financing order, of proceeds of rate reduction bonds for disbursement to the resources of the General Fund during the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2005. The department may authorize in such financing order the issuance of rate reduction bonds that substitute for disbursement to the General Fund for receipts of both the charge under this subsection and under subsection (b) of section 16-245n, as amended by this act, and also may, in its discretion, authorize the issuance of rate reduction bonds under this subsection and subsection (b) of section 16-245n, as amended by this act, that relate to more than one electric distribution company. The department shall, in such financing order or other appropriate order, offset any increase in the competitive transition assessment necessary to pay principal, premium, if any, interest and expenses of the issuance of such rate reduction bonds by making an equivalent reduction to the charge imposed under this subsection, provided any failure to offset all or any portion of such increase in the competitive transition assessment shall not affect the need to implement the full amount of such increase as required by this subsection and by sections 16-245e to 16-245k, inclusive. Such financing order shall also provide if the rate reduction bonds are not issued, any unrecovered funds expended and committed by the electric distribution companies for conservation and load management programs, provided such expenditures were approved by the department after August 20, 2003, and prior to the date of determination that the rate reduction bonds cannot be issued, shall be recovered by the companies from their respective competitive transition assessment or systems benefits charge but such expenditures shall not exceed four million dollars per month. All receipts from the remaining charge imposed under this subsection, after reduction of such charge to offset the increase in the competitive transition assessment as provided in this subsection, shall be disbursed to the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund commencing as of

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July 1, 2003. Any increase in the competitive transition assessment or decrease in the conservation and load management component of an electric distribution company's rates resulting from the issuance of or obligations under rate reduction bonds shall be included as rate adjustments on customer bills.

- (b) The electric distribution company shall establish an Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund which shall be held separate and apart from all other funds or accounts. Receipts from the charge imposed under subsection (a) of this section shall be deposited into the fund. Any balance remaining in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the fiscal year next succeeding. Disbursements from the fund by electric distribution companies to carry out the plan developed under subsection (d) of this section shall be authorized by the Department of Public Utility Control upon its approval of such plan.
- 125 (c) The Department of Public Utility Control shall appoint and 126 convene an Energy Conservation Management Board which shall 127 include representatives of: (1) An environmental group knowledgeable 128 in energy conservation program collaboratives; (2) the Office of 129 Consumer Counsel; (3) the Attorney General; (4) the Department of 130 Environmental Protection; (5) the electric distribution companies in 131 whose territories the activities take place for such programs; (6) a state-132 wide manufacturing association; (7) a chamber of commerce; (8) a 133 state-wide business association; (9) a state-wide retail organization; 134 (10) a representative of a municipal electric energy cooperative created 135 pursuant to chapter 101a; and [(10)] (11) residential customers. Such 136 members shall serve for a period of five years and may be reappointed.
- 137 (d) (1) The Energy Conservation Management Board shall advise 138 and assist the electric distribution companies in the development and 139 implementation of a comprehensive plan, which plan shall be 140 approved by the Department of Public Utility Control, to implement 141 cost-effective energy conservation programs and market 142 transformation initiatives. The plan shall be consistent with the

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comprehensive energy plan approved by the Connecticut Energy Advisory Board pursuant to section 16a-7a. Each program contained in the plan shall be reviewed by the electric distribution company and either accepted or rejected by the Energy Conservation Management Board prior to submission to the department for approval. The Energy Conservation Management Board shall, as part of its review, examine opportunities to offer joint programs providing similar efficiency measures which save more than one fuel resource or otherwise to coordinate programs targeted at saving more than one fuel resource. The Energy Conservation Management Board shall give preference to projects that maximize the reduction of federally mandated congestion costs.

(2) There shall be a joint committee of the Energy Conservation Management Board and the Renewable Energy Investments Advisory Committee. The board and the advisory committee shall appoint members to such joint committee. The joint committee shall examine opportunities to coordinate the programs and activities funded by the Renewable Energy Investment Fund pursuant to section 16-245n, as amended by this act, with the programs and activities contained in the plan developed under this subsection to reduce the long-term cost, environmental impacts and security risks of energy in the state. Such joint committee shall hold its first meeting on or before August 1, 2005.

[(2)] (3) Programs included in the plan shall be screened through cost-effectiveness testing which compares the value and payback period of program benefits to program costs to ensure that programs are designed to obtain energy savings and system benefits, including mitigation of federally mandated congestion costs, whose value is greater than the costs of the programs. Cost-effectiveness testing shall utilize available information obtained from real-time monitoring systems to ensure accurate validation and verification of energy use. Program cost-effectiveness shall be reviewed annually, or otherwise as is practicable. If a program is determined to fail the cost-effectiveness test as part of the review process, it shall either be modified to meet the test or shall be terminated. On or before March 1, 2005, and [March 1,

177 2006] on or before March first annually thereafter, the board shall 178 provide a report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having 179 180 cognizance of matters relating to energy and the environment [which] 181 (A) that documents expenditures and fund balances and evaluates the 182 cost-effectiveness of such programs conducted in the preceding year, 183 and (B) that documents the extent to and manner in which the 184 programs of such board collaborated and cooperated with programs, established under section 17 of this act, of municipal electric energy 185 186 cooperatives and that makes recommendations for needed change. 187 Programs in the plan shall not require parity between the amount of contributions to the Energy Conservation and Load Management 188 Funds by a certain rate class and the programs that benefit such a rate 189 class. Before conducting such evaluation, the board shall consult with 190 191 the Renewable Energy Investments Advisory Committee. The report 192 shall include a description of the activities undertaken during the reporting period jointly or in collaboration with the Renewable Energy 193 194 Investment Fund established pursuant to subsection (c) of section 16-195 245n, as amended by this act.

[(3)] (4) Programs included in the plan may include, but not be limited to: (A) Conservation and load management programs, including programs that benefit low-income individuals; (B) research, development and commercialization of products or processes which are more energy-efficient than those generally available; (C) development of markets for such products and processes; (D) support for energy use assessment, real-time monitoring systems, engineering studies and services related to new construction or major building renovation; (E) the design, manufacture, commercialization and purchase of energy-efficient appliances and heating, air conditioning and lighting devices; (F) program planning and evaluation; (G) indoor air quality programs relating to energy conservation; (H) joint fuel conservation initiatives programs targeted at reducing consumption of more than one fuel resource; and [(H)] (I) public education regarding conservation. Such support may be by direct funding, manufacturers'

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rebates, sale price and loan subsidies, leases and promotional and educational activities. [Any other expenditure by the collaborative shall be limited to The plan shall also provide for expenditures by the Energy Conservation Management Board for the retention of expert consultants and reasonable administrative costs provided such consultants shall not be employed by, or have any contractual relationship with, an electric distribution company. Such costs shall not exceed five per cent of the total revenue collected from the assessment.

- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section, the Department of Public Utility Control shall authorize the disbursement of a total of one million dollars in each month, commencing with July, 2003, and ending with July, 2005, from the Energy Conservation and Load Management Funds established pursuant to said subsections. The amount disbursed from each Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund shall be proportionately based on the receipts received by each fund. Such disbursements shall be deposited in the General Fund.
- Sec. 6. Section 16-245n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
  - (a) For purposes of this section, "renewable energy" means solar energy, wind, ocean thermal energy, wave or tidal energy, fuel cells, landfill gas, hydrogen production and hydrogen conversion technologies, [and] low emission advanced biomass conversion technologies, usable electricity from combined heat and power systems with waste heat recovery systems, thermal storage and other energy resources and emerging technologies which have significant potential for commercialization and which do not involve the combustion of coal, petroleum or petroleum products, municipal solid waste or nuclear fission.
- (b) On and after January 1, [2000] 2004, the Department of Public Utility Control shall assess or cause to be assessed a charge of not less

than [one-half of] one mill per kilowatt hour charged to each end use customer of electric services in this state which shall be deposited into the Renewable Energy Investment Fund established under subsection (c) of this section. [On and after July 1, 2002, such charge shall be threequarters of one mill and on and after July 1, 2004, such charge shall be one mill.] Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, receipts from such charges shall be disbursed to the resources of the General Fund during the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2005, unless the department shall, on or before October 30, 2003, issue a financing order for each affected distribution company in accordance with sections 16-245e to 16-245k, inclusive, to sustain funding of renewable energy investment programs by substituting an equivalent amount, as determined by the department in such financing order, of proceeds of rate reduction bonds for disbursement to the resources of the General Fund during the period from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2005. The department may authorize in such financing order the issuance of rate reduction bonds that substitute for disbursement to the General Fund for receipts of both charges under this subsection and subsection (a) of section 16-245m, as amended by this act, and also may in its discretion authorize the issuance of rate reduction bonds under this subsection and subsection (a) of section 16-245m, as amended by this act, that relate to more than one electric distribution company. The department shall, in such financing order or other appropriate order, offset any increase in the competitive transition assessment necessary to pay principal, premium, if any, interest and expenses of the issuance of such rate reduction bonds by making an equivalent reduction to the charges imposed under this subsection, provided any failure to offset all or any portion of such increase in the competitive transition assessment shall not affect the need to implement the full amount of such increase as required by this subsection and sections 16-245e to 16-245k, inclusive. Such financing order shall also provide if the rate reduction bonds are not issued, any unrecovered funds expended and committed by the electric distribution companies for renewable resource investment through deposits into the Renewable Energy Investment Fund, provided such expenditures were approved by the

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department following August 20, 2003, and prior to the date of determination that the rate reduction bonds cannot be issued, shall be recovered by the companies from their respective competitive transition assessment or systems benefits charge except that such expenditures shall not exceed one million dollars per month. All receipts from the remaining charges imposed under this subsection, after reduction of such charges to offset the increase in the competitive transition assessment as provided in this subsection, shall be disbursed to the Renewable Energy Investment Fund commencing as of July 1, 2003. Any increase in the competitive transition assessment or decrease in the renewable energy investment component of an electric distribution company's rates resulting from the issuance of or obligations under rate reduction bonds shall be included as rate adjustments on customer bills.

- (c) There is hereby created a Renewable Energy Investment Fund which shall be administered by Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated. The fund may receive any amount required by law to be deposited into the fund and may receive any federal funds as may become available to the state for renewable energy investments. Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, may use any amount in said fund for expenditures which promote investment in renewable energy sources in accordance with a comprehensive plan developed by it to foster the growth, development and commercialization of renewable energy sources, related enterprises and stimulate demand for renewable energy and deployment of renewable energy sources which serve end use customers in this state. Such expenditures may include, but not be limited to, grants, direct or equity investments, contracts or other actions which support research, development, manufacture, commercialization, deployment and installation of renewable energy technologies, and actions which expand the expertise of individuals, businesses and lending institutions with regard to renewable energy technologies.
- 310 (d) The chairperson of the board of directors of Connecticut 311 Innovations, Incorporated, shall convene a Renewable Energy

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312 Investments Advisory Committee to assist Connecticut Innovations, 313 Incorporated, in matters related to the Renewable Energy Investment 314 Fund, including, but not limited to, development of a comprehensive 315 plan and expenditure of funds. The advisory committee shall, in such 316 plan, give preference to projects that maximize the reduction of 317 federally mandated congestion costs. The plan shall be consistent with 318 the comprehensive energy plan approved by the Connecticut Energy 319 Advisory Board pursuant to section 16a-7a. The advisory committee 320 shall include not more than [twelve] thirteen individuals with 321 knowledge and experience in matters related to the purpose and 322 activities of said fund. The advisory committee shall consist of the 323 following members: (1) One person with expertise regarding 324 renewable energy resources appointed by the speaker of the House of 325 Representatives; (2) one person representing a state or regional 326 organization primarily concerned with environmental protection 327 appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate; (3) one person 328 with experience in business or commercial investments appointed by 329 the majority leader of the House of Representatives; (4) one person 330 representing a state or regional organization primarily concerned with 331 environmental protection appointed by the majority leader of the 332 Senate; (5) one person with experience in business or commercial 333 investments appointed by the minority leader of the House of 334 Representatives; (6) one person with experience in business or 335 commercial investments appointed by the minority leader of the 336 Senate; (7) two state officials with experience in matters relating to 337 energy policy and one person with expertise regarding renewable 338 energy resources appointed by the Governor; (8) a representative of a 339 municipal electric energy cooperative created pursuant to chapter 340 101a; and [(8)] (9) three persons with experience in business or 341 commercial investments appointed by the board of directors of 342 Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated. The advisory committee shall 343 issue annually a report to such chairperson reviewing the activities of 344 the fund in detail and shall provide a copy of such report, in 345 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing 346 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters

347 relating to energy, the Department of Public Utility Control and the

- 348 Office of Consumer Counsel. The report shall include a description of
- 349 the programs activities undertaken during the reporting period jointly
- 350 or in collaboration with the Energy Conservation and Load
- 351 <u>Management Funds established pursuant to section 16-245m, as</u>
- 352 <u>amended by this act.</u>
- 353 (e) There shall be a joint committee of the Energy Conservation
- 354 Management Board and the Renewable Energy Investments Advisory
- 355 Committee. The board and the advisory committee shall appoint
- 356 members to such joint committee. The joint committee shall examine
- opportunities to coordinate the programs and activities funded by the
- 358 Renewable Energy Investment Fund pursuant to this section with the
- 359 programs and activities contained in the plan developed under
- 360 <u>subsection (d) of section 16-245m</u>, as amended by this act, to reduce the
- 361 long-term cost, environmental impacts and security risks of energy in
- 362 <u>the state. Such joint committee shall hold its first meeting on or before</u>
- 363 August 1, 2005.
- 364 (f) No later than December 31, 2006, and no later than December
- 365 thirty-first every five years thereafter, the advisory committee shall,
- 366 after consulting with the Energy Conservation Management Board,
- 367 conduct an evaluation of the performance of the programs and
- 368 activities of the fund and submit a report, in accordance with the
- 369 provisions of section 11-4a, of the evaluation to the joint standing
- 370 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
- 371 relating to energy.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 16-245d of the general statutes is
- 373 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 374 *October* 1, 2005):
- 375 (a) The Department of Public Utility Control shall, by regulations
- adopted pursuant to chapter 54, develop a standard billing format that
- enables customers to compare pricing policies and charges among
- 378 electric suppliers. Not later than January 1, 2005, the department shall

adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to provide that an electric supplier may provide direct billing and collection services for electric generation services and related federally mandated congestion costs that such supplier provides to its customers that [use a demand meter or] have a maximum demand of not less than [five] one hundred kilowatts and that choose to receive a bill directly from such supplier. An electric company, electric distribution company or electric supplier that provides direct billing of the electric generation service component and related federally mandated congestion costs, as the case may be, shall, in accordance with the billing format developed by the department, include the following information in each customer's bill, as appropriate: (1) The total amount owed by the customer, which shall be itemized to show, (A) the electric generation services component and any additional charges imposed by the electric supplier, if applicable, (B) the electric transmission and distribution charge, including all applicable taxes and the systems benefits charge, as provided in section 16-245l, as amended by this act, (C) the competitive transition assessment, as provided in section 16-245g, (D) federally mandated congestion costs, and (E) the conservation and renewable energy charge, consisting of the conservation and load management program charge, as provided in section 16-245m, as amended by this act, and the renewable energy investment charge, as provided in section 16-245n, as amended by this act; (2) any unpaid amounts from previous bills which shall be listed separately from current charges; (3) except for customers subject to a demand charge, the rate and usage for the current month and each of the previous twelve months in the form of a bar graph or other visual form; (4) the payment due date; (5) the interest rate applicable to any unpaid amount; (6) the toll-free telephone number of the electric distribution company to report power losses; (7) the toll-free telephone number of the Department of Public Utility Control for questions or complaints; (8) the toll-free telephone number and address of the electric supplier; and (9) a statement about the availability of information concerning electric suppliers pursuant to section 16-245p.

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Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Department of Public Utility Control shall, not later than January 1, 2006, establish a program to grant awards to retail end users in the electric distribution system to fund the capital costs of obtaining projects of generation-based, customer-side distributed resources, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Each such award shall be a one time, nonrecurring award for such a project and shall be in an amount of not less than one hundred dollars and not more than five hundred dollars per kilowatt of capacity for such generation-based, customer-side distributed resources, recoverable from the federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. No such award may be made unless the projected reduction in federally mandated congestion costs attributed to the project for such distributed resources is greater than the amount of the award. The amount of an award shall depend on the impact that the customer-side distributed resources project has on reducing federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended. Not later than August 1, 2005, the department shall conduct a contested case proceeding, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish additional standards for the amount of such awards and additional criteria and the process for making such awards.

(b) Not later than February 1, 2006, the department shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, on the effectiveness of the award program established in subsection (a) of this section to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to energy.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) The Department of Public Utility Control shall select, pursuant to a competitive bid process, one or more persons to provide long-term financing for customer-side distributed generation, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and advanced power monitoring and metering equipment. Such person may not be an electric distribution company, as defined in said section 16-1, but may be a generation

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affiliate of such company. The department may retain a consultant to assist it in selecting such person or persons.

- (b) A successful bidder pursuant to this section shall give preference for such long-term financing to projects of customer-side distributed resources and monitoring and metering equipment that maximize the reduction of the federally mandated congestion costs. Costs eligible for such financing shall include, but not be limited to, the capital costs projects of customer-side distributed resources and advanced power monitoring and metering equipment.
- (c) A person receiving financing from a successful bidder pursuant to this section shall, after receiving approval from the department, enter into an agreement with an electric distribution company, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, to provide billing and collection services for the payment of the principal and interest on such financing. Any costs prudently incurred by the electric distribution company, as defined in said section 16-1, in providing financing and billing and collection services, including costs associated with nonpayment by the customer, shall be recoverable from the federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Not later than January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the Department of Public Utility Control shall assess the number and types of customer-side and grid-side distributed resources, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, projects financed pursuant to the provisions of this act and such projects' contributions to achieving fuel diversity, transmission support, and energy independence in the state. Not later than January 1, 2007, and biennially thereafter, the department shall collect the information in such annual assessments and report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, on its findings to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to energy.

Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective from passage) On or before January 1, 2006, each electric distribution company shall institute a program to rebate to its customers with projects that use natural gas, which projects are customer-side distributed resources, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, an amount equivalent to the customer's retail delivery charge for transporting natural gas from the customer's local gas company to such customer's project of customer-side distributed resources. Costs of such a rebate shall be recoverable by the electric distribution company from the federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The department may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to implement the provisions of this section.

- Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For purposes of this section, "reliability must run payment" means payments allowed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for generation of power that is needed to ensure reliability of the electric distribution system.
- (b) The Department of Public Utility Control shall, in consultation with the Connecticut Energy Advisory Board, the electric distribution companies, the regional independent system operator and other parties as the department considers appropriate, identify (1) the most advantageous locations at which to install grid-side distributed resources, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and the appropriate size, fuel source and operating features of such resources, and (2) any projects of grid-side distributed resources that are needed primarily (A) to reduce federally mandated congestion costs, (B) to provide for grid stability or voltage support, or (C) to improve the operation and reliability of the distribution or transmission system. The department shall complete such identification on or before August 1, 2005.
- (c) Each electric distribution company shall, no later than September
  1, 2005, identify, within the locations selected pursuant to subsection
  (a) of this section, any real property over which such company, or a

parent or affiliate of such company, has a possessory interest that has characteristics suitable or beneficial for use in connection with grid-side distributed resources, and that could be made available through lease to a bidder selected pursuant to this section.

- (d) The department shall conduct a contested case, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish the principles and standards to be used in developing and issuing a request for proposals under subsection (e) of this section. The department shall complete such contested case on or before September 1, 2005.
- (e) On or before October 1, 2005, the department shall conduct a proceeding to develop and issue a request for proposals to solicit the development of short-term and long-term projects designed to reduce federally mandated congestion costs for the period commencing on January 1, 2006, and ending on a date specified by the department, which ending date may be no earlier than December 31, 2009. For purposes of this section, projects shall include (1) customer-side distributed resources, (2) grid-side distributed resources, and (3) contracts for a term of no more than fifteen years between a person and a distribution company for the purchase of electric capacity rights in the area in which the company is authorized to provide service. Such request for proposals shall encourage responses from a variety of resource types and encourage diversity in the fuel mix used in generation. The department may request from a person submitting a proposal further information that it considers necessary to evaluate the proposal.
- (f) The department shall publish such request for proposals in one or more newspapers or periodicals, as selected by the department, and shall post such request for proposals on its web site. The department may retain the services of a third-party entity with expertise in the area of energy procurement to oversee the development of the request for proposals and to assist the department in its approval of proposals pursuant to subsection (j) of this section. The reasonable and proper expenses for retaining such third-party entity shall be reimbursed

through federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

- (g) An electric distribution company may submit a proposal for grid-side distributed resources, which proposals shall be limited to those locations identified in subsection (c) of this section. The proposal shall describe how the company will use or sell the capacity and power associated with such resources. If such a proposal from an electric distribution company is approved pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, such company may develop, own and operate such resource, provided such company shall, not later than five years after such resource begins commercial operation (1) sell such resource in accordance with section 16-43 of the general statutes, or (2) auction the power or capacity or both associated with such resource pursuant to a plan approved by the department. The department may, after notice and hearing, waive the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection if it determines that compliance with such requirements are not in the public interest.
- (h) Any person, other than an electric distribution company, submitting a proposal for grid-side distributed resources shall include with its proposal a draft of a contract for the sale of the electric capacity rights associated with such proposal. No such draft of a contract shall have a term exceeding fifteen years.
- (i) Each person submitting a proposal pursuant to this section shall agree to forgo reliability must run payments or payments for similar purposes for any project approved pursuant to subsection (j) of this section.
- (j) The department shall, on or before January 1, 2006, evaluate such proposals and approve one or more of such proposals that result in the greatest aggregate reduction of federally mandated congestion costs for the period 2006 to 2010, inclusive. Projects approved pursuant to this subsection may enter into long-term contracts pursuant to subsection (l) of this section and expedited siting pursuant to section

577 19 of this act. Customer-side distributed resource projects approved 578 pursuant to this subsection shall be eligible for the incentives provided 579 pursuant to sections 9 and 11 of this act and this section, but shall not 580 be eligible for the program described in section 8 of this act.

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- (k) The department shall approve no more than a total of two hundred fifty megawatts of grid-side distributed resources projects in this state owned by electric distribution companies. Such projects shall be eligible for rate recovery pursuant to sections 16-19 and 16-19e of the general statutes, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.
- (l) If an electric distribution company enters into a contract to purchase capacity pursuant to this section, no such contract may become effective without approval of the department. The department shall hold a hearing that shall be conducted as a contested case, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to approve, reject or modify an application for approval of a capacity purchase contract. No contract shall be approved unless the department finds that approval of such contract would (1) result in the lowest reasonable cost of such products and services, (2) increase reliability, and (3) minimize federally mandated congestion costs to the state over time. Such a contract shall contain terms that mitigate the long-term risk assumed by ratepayers. No contract approved by the department shall have a term exceeding fifteen years. The electric distribution company shall either sell into the capacity markets all capacity rights transferred pursuant to this section and use all proceeds from such sales to offset federally mandated congestion costs incurred by all customers, or shall retain such capacity rights to offset electric capacity costs associated with transitional standard offer, standard service or service as supplier of last resort under section 16-244c of the general statutes, as amended by this act. The costs associated with long-term electric capacity contracts shall be recovered through federally mandated congestion costs.
- (m) The provisions of section 16a-7c of the general statutes shall not

apply to projects approved pursuant to this section.

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(n) The department may order an electric distribution company to submit a proposal pursuant to the provisions of this section and may approve such a proposal under this section. Nothing in sections 16-1, 16-19ss, 16-244c, 16-244e, 16-245m, 16-245n, 16-50k, 16-32f, 16-50x and 16-245d of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and sections 8 to 17, inclusive, and 20 and 21 of this act shall limit the department's ability to conduct requests for proposals, in addition to those considered by the date specified in subsection (j) of this section, to reduce federally mandated congestion costs and to approve such proposals or otherwise to meet its responsibility under title 16 of the general statutes.

- Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) Not later than October 1, 2005, each electric distribution company, as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall submit an application to the Department of Public Utility Control to (1) on or before January 1, 2007, implement mandatory peak, shoulder and off-peak time of use rates for customers that have a maximum demand of not less than three hundred fifty kilowatts, and (2) on or before June 1, 2006, offer optional interruptible or load response rates for customers that have a maximum demand of not less than three hundred fifty kilowatts and offer optional seasonal and time of use rates for all customers. The application shall propose to establish time of use rates through a procurement plan, revenue neutral adjustments to delivery rates, or both.
- (b) From March 1, 2006, until December 31, 2006, each electric distribution company shall issue comparative bills to customers that have a maximum demand of not less than three hundred fifty kilowatts that would demonstrate, at current levels of consumption, the effects of the mandatory time of use rates to be effective beginning January 1, 2007.
- 641 (c) Not later than November 1, 2005, each electric distribution

company shall submit an application to the Department of Public Utility Control to implement mandatory seasonal rates for all customers beginning April 1, 2007.

- (d) From April 1, 2006, until March 31, 2007, each electric distribution company shall issue comparative analysis to all customers that demonstrate, at current levels of consumption, the effects of the mandatory seasonal rates that will be effective beginning April 1, 2007.
- (e) The department shall hold a hearing that shall be conducted as a contested case, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to approve, reject or modify applications submitted pursuant to subsection (a) or (c) of this section. No application for time of use rates shall be approved unless (1) such rates reasonably reflect the cost of service during peak, shoulder, seasonal and off-peak periods, and (2) the costs associated with implementation, the impact on customers and benefits to the utility system justify implementation of such rates, and (3) such rates alter patterns of customer consumption of electricity without undue adverse effect on the customer.
- (f) Each electric distribution company shall assist customers to help manage loads and reduce peak consumption through the comprehensive plan developed pursuant to section 16-245m of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- (g) The department shall conduct a contested case, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to determine the standards under which, and process by which, a customer, having a maximum demand of three hundred fifty kilowatts or more, may obtain an exemption, until July 1, 2010, from mandatory time of use rates under this section. The department shall issue a decision in the contested case no later than January 1, 2006.
- Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) If a customer's customerside distributed resource capacity implemented after January 1, 2006, is less than the customer's maximum metered peak load, the customer

shall not be required to pay back-up power rates if the customer's distributed resources are available during system peak periods, provided the customer shall continue to be required to pay otherwise applicable charges for electricity provided by the distribution company.

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- (b) The costs that a customer is not required to pay pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be recoverable by the electric distribution companies.
- 682 Sec. 15. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) An electric distribution 683 company may recover its costs and investments that have been 684 prudently incurred under the provisions of sections 16-1, 16-19ss, 16-685 244c, 16-244e, 16-245m, 16-245n, 16-50k, 16-32f, 16-50x and 16-245d of 686 the general statutes, as amended by this act, and sections 8 to 17, 687 inclusive, and 20 and 21 of this act. The Department of Public Utility 688 Control shall, after a hearing held pursuant to the provisions of 689 chapter 54 of the general statutes, determine the appropriate 690 mechanism to obtain cost recovery in a timely manner which 691 mechanism may be one or more of the following: Approval of rates as 692 provided in sections 16-19 and 16-19e of the general statutes, the 693 energy adjustment clause as provided in section 16-19b of the general 694 statutes or the federally mandated congestion costs, as defined in 695 section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. If an 696 electric distribution company has, for six consecutive months, earned a 697 return on equity below the return authorized by the department, 698 earnings of such electric distribution companies that are adversely 699 affected owing to decreased energy use attributable to implementation 700 of the provisions of sections 16-1, 16-19ss, 16-244c, 16-245m, 701 16-245n, 16-50k, 16-32f, 16-50x and 16-245d of the general statutes, as 702 amended by this act, and sections 8 to 17, inclusive, and 20 and 21 of 703 this act are recoverable pursuant to the provisions of section 16-19kk of 704 the general statutes.
- (b) Electric distribution companies shall be authorized to earn an incentive, as provided in section 16-19kk of the general statutes, for

707 costs prudently incurred by such companies pursuant to this section.

Sec. 16. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) On and after January 1, 2007, each electric distribution company providing standard service pursuant to section 16-244c of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and each supplier as defined in section 16-1 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Utility Control that not less than one per cent of the total output or services of such supplier or distribution company shall be obtained from Class III resources. On and after January 1, 2008, not less than two per cent of the total output or services of any such supplier or distribution company shall, on demonstration satisfactory to the Department of Public Utility Control, be obtained from Class III resources. On or after January 1, 2009, not less than three per cent of the total output or services of any such supplier or distribution company shall, on demonstration satisfactory to the Department of Public Utility Control, be obtained from Class III resources. On and after January 1, 2010, not less than four per cent of the total output or services of any such supplier or distribution company shall, on demonstration satisfactory to the Department of Public Utility Control, be obtained from Class III resources. Electric power obtained from customer-side distributed resources that does not meet air quality standards of the Department of Environmental Protection is not eligible for purposes of meeting the percentage standards in this section.

(b) The Department of Public Utility Control shall assess each supplier and each electric distribution company that fails to meet the percentage standards of subsection (a) of this section a charge of five and five-tenths cents for each kilowatt hour of electricity that such supplier or company is deficient in meeting such percentage standards. Seventy-five per cent of such assessed charges shall be deposited in the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund established in section 16-245m of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and twenty-five per cent in the Renewable Energy Investment Fund established in section 16-245n of the general statutes, as amended

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(c) An electric supplier or electric distribution company may satisfy the requirements of this section by participating in a conservation and distributed resources trading program approved by the Department of Public Utility Control. Credits created by conservation and customerside distributed resources shall be allocated to the person that conserved the electricity or installed the project for customer-side distributed resources to which the credit is attributable and to the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund. Such credits shall be made in the following manner: A minimum of ten per cent of the credits shall be allocated to the person that conserved the electricity or installed the project for customer-side distributed resources to which the energy credit is attributable and the remainder of the credits shall be allocated to the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund, based on a schedule created by the department no later than January 1, 2007, and reviewed annually thereafter. The department may, in a proceeding and for good cause shown, allocate a larger proportion of such credits to the person who conserved the electricity or installed the customer-side distributed resources. The department shall consider the proportion of investment made by a ratepayer through various ratepayer-funded incentive programs and the resulting reduction in federally mandated congestion costs. The portion allocated to the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund shall be used for measures that respond to energy demand and for peak reduction programs.

(d) An electric distribution company providing standard service may contract with its wholesale suppliers to comply with the conservation and customer-side distributed resources standards set forth in subsection (a) of this section. The Department of Public Utility Control shall annually conduct a contested case, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to determine whether the electric distribution company's wholesale suppliers met the conservation and distributed resources standards during the preceding year. Any such contract shall include a provision that requires such

supplier to pay the electric distribution company an amount of five and one-half cents per kilowatt hour if the wholesale supplier fails to comply with the conservation and distributed resources standards during the subject annual period. The electric distribution company shall immediately transfer seventy-five per cent of any payment received from the wholesale supplier for the failure to meet the conservation and distributed resources standards to the Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund and twenty-five per cent to the Renewable Energy Investment Fund. Any payment made pursuant to this section shall not be considered revenue or income to the electric distribution company.

(e) The Department of Public Utility Control shall conduct a contested proceeding to develop the administrative processes and program specifications that are necessary to implement a Class III conservation and distributed resources trading program. The proceeding shall include, but not be limited to, an examination of issues such as (1) the manner in which qualifying activities are certified, tracked and reported, (2) the manner in which Class III certificates are created, accounted for and transferred, (3) the feasibility and benefits of expanding eligible Class III resources to include those resulting from electricity savings made by residential customers, (4) verification of the accuracy of conservation and customer-side distributed resources credits, (5) verification of the fact that resources or credits used to satisfy the requirement of this section have not been used to satisfy any other portfolio or similar requirement, and (6) setting such alternative payment amounts at a level that encourages development of conservation and customer-side distributed resources. The department may retain the services of a third party entity with expertise in the development of energy efficiency trading or verification programs to assist in the development and operation of the program. The department shall issue a decision no later than February 1, 2006.

Sec. 17. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Each municipal electric utility created pursuant to chapter 101 of the general statutes or by

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special act shall, for conservation and load management programs pursuant to this section, accrue from each kilowatt hour of its metered firm electric retails sales no less than the following amounts during the following periods, in a manner conforming to the requirement of this section: (1) 1.0 mills on and after January 1, 2006; (2) 1.4 mills on and after January 1, 2007; (3) 1.8 mills on and after January 1, 2008; (4) 2.2 mills on and after January 1, 2009; (5) 2.6 mills on and after January 1, 2010; and (6) 3.0 mills on and after January 1, 2011.

- (b) There is hereby created a Municipal Energy Conservation and Load Management Fund in each municipal electric energy cooperative created pursuant to chapter 101a of the general statutes, which fund shall be a separate and dedicated fund to be held and administered by such cooperative. Each municipal electric utility created pursuant to chapter 101 of the general statutes or by special act that is a member or participant in such a municipal electric energy cooperative shall accrue and deposit such amounts as specified in subsection (a) of this section into such fund. Any balance remaining in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the fiscal year next succeeding. Disbursements from the fund shall be made pursuant to the comprehensive electric conservation and load management plan prepared by the cooperative in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) Such cooperative shall, annually, adopt a comprehensive plan for the expenditure of such funds by the cooperative on behalf of such municipal electric utilities for the purpose of carrying out electric conservation, energy efficiency and electric load management programs funded by the charge accrued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The cooperative shall expend or cause to be expended the amounts held in such fund in conformity with the adopted plan. The plan may direct the expenditure of funds on facilities or measures located in any one or more of the service areas of the municipal electric utilities who are members or participants in such cooperative and may provide for the establishment of goals and standards for measuring the cost effectiveness of expenditures made from such fund, for the

minimization of federally mandated congestion costs and for achieving appropriate geographic coverage and scope in each such service area. Such plan shall be consistent with the comprehensive plan of the Energy Conservation Management Board established under section 16-

annually, shall submit its plan to such board for review.

Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 16-50k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

245m of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Such cooperative,

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of section 16-50z, no person shall exercise any right of eminent domain in contemplation of, commence the preparation of the site for, or commence the construction or supplying of a facility, or commence any modification of a facility, that may, as determined by the council, have a substantial adverse environmental effect in the state without having first obtained a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need, hereinafter referred to as a "certificate", issued with respect to such facility or modification by the council, except fuel cells with a generating capacity of ten kilowatts or less which shall not require such certificate. Any facility with respect to which a certificate is required shall thereafter be built, maintained and operated in conformity with such certificate and any terms, limitations or conditions contained therein. Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter or title 16a, the council shall, in the exercise of its jurisdiction over the siting of generating facilities, approve by declaratory ruling (1) the construction of a facility solely for the purpose of generating electricity, other than an electric generating facility that uses nuclear materials or coal as fuel, at a site where an electric generating facility operated prior to July 1, 1998, (2) the construction or location of any fuel cell, unless the council finds a substantial adverse environmental effect, or of any customer-side distributed resources project or facility or grid-side distributed resources project or facility with a capacity of not more than twenty-five megawatts, so long as such project meets air quality standards of the Department of Environmental Protection, and

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877 (3) the siting of temporary generation solicited by the Department of

- Public Utility Control pursuant to section 16-19ss, as amended by this
- 879 act.
- Sec. 19. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The provisions of sections 16-
- 881 1, 16-19ss, 16-244c, 16-244e, 16-245m, 16-245n, 16-50k, 16-32f, 16-50x
- and 16-245d of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and
- sections 8 to 17, inclusive, and 20 and 21 of this act apply to customer-
- 884 side distributed resources and grid-side distributed resources
- developed in this state that add electric capacity on and after January
- 1, 2006, and in accordance with the provisions of said sections 16-1, 16-
- 887 19ss, 16-244c, 16-244e, 16-245m, 16-245n, 16-50k, 16-32f, 16-50x, 16-
- 888 245d, and sections 8 to 17, inclusive, and 20 and 21 of this act.
- Sec. 20. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Not later than October 1, 2005,
- 890 the Department of Public Utility Control and the Energy Conservation
- 891 Management Board, established in section 16-245m of the general
- statutes, as amended by this act, shall establish links on their Internet
- 893 web sites to the Energy Star program or successor program that
- 894 promotes energy efficiency and each electric distribution company
- shall establish a link under its conservation programs on its Internet
- 896 web site to the Energy Star program or such successor program.
- 897 Sec. 21. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Department of Public
- 898 Utility Control shall conduct an investigation on how best to decouple
- 899 the earnings of natural gas companies and other public service
- 900 companies from their sales to promote the state's energy policy. The
- 901 department shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section
- 902 11-4a of the general statutes, its findings and recommendations for
- 903 legislation to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly
- having cognizance of matters relating to energy and technology on or
- 905 before January 1, 2006.
- 906 Sec. 22. Section 16-32f of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 907 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2005*):
- 908 (a) On or before October first of each even-numbered year, a gas

company, as defined in section 16-1, as amended by this act, shall furnish a report to the Department of Public Utility Control containing a five-year forecast of loads and resources. The report shall describe the facilities and supply sources that, in the judgment of such gas company, will be required to meet gas demands during the forecast period. The report shall be made available to the public and shall be furnished to the chief executive officer of each municipality in the service area of such gas company, the regional planning agency which encompasses each such municipality, the Attorney General, the president pro tempore of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public utilities, any other member of the General Assembly making a request to the department for the report and such other state and municipal entities as the department may designate by regulation. The report shall include: (1) A tabulation of estimated peak loads and resources for each year; (2) data on gas use and peak loads for the five preceding calendar years; (3) a list of present and projected gas supply sources; (4) specific measures to control load growth and promote conservation; and (5) such other information as the department may require by regulation. A full description of the methodology used to arrive at the forecast of loads and resources shall also be furnished to the department. The department shall hold a public hearing on such reports upon the request of any person. On or before August first of each oddnumbered year, the department may request a gas company to furnish to the department an updated report. A gas company shall furnish any such updated report not later than sixty days following the request of the department.

(b) [A] Not later than October 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, a gas company, as defined in section 16-1, as amended by this act, shall submit to the Department of Public Utility Control a gas conservation plan, [along with the company's five-year forecast, as defined in subsection (a) of this section. The plan shall include: (1) Specific quantifiable conservation and load management targets; (2)

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conservation option descriptions, analyses and the methodology used to evaluate conservation options reviewed by such company; and (3) an estimation of conservation option costs and benefits, sufficiently detailed to allow the department to evaluate revenue requirements and other social and environmental costs and benefits, or such other components as the department may by order direct] in accordance with the provisions of this section, to implement cost-effective energy conservation programs and market transformation initiatives. All supply and conservation and load management options shall be evaluated and selected within an integrated supply and demand planning framework. [The department shall hold a public hearing on such plans in conjunction with the public hearing held pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. On or before August first of each oddnumbered year, the department may request a gas company to submit an updated plan to the department. A gas company shall furnish any such updated plan not later than sixty days following the request of the department.] The department, after a public hearing, shall approve, modify or reject the plan. The gas company shall implement measures in the approved plan that have a payback period of twenty-four months or less. The failure of the department to approve measures with a payback period of more than twenty-four months is not appealable.

(c) (1) The Energy Conservation Management Board, established pursuant to section 16-245m, as amended by this act, shall advise and assist each such gas company in the development and implementation of the plan submitted under subsection (b) of this section. Each program contained in the plan shall be reviewed by each such gas company and shall be either accepted, modified or rejected by the Energy Conservation Management Board before submission of the plan to the department for approval. The Energy Conservation Management Board shall, as part of its review, examine opportunities to offer joint programs providing similar efficiency measures that save more than one fuel resource or to otherwise coordinate programs targeted at saving more than one fuel resource. Any costs for joint

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977 <u>programs shall be allocated equitably among the conservation</u> 978 <u>programs.</u>

(2) Programs included in the plan shall be screened through costeffectiveness testing that compares the value and payback period of program benefits to program costs to ensure that the programs are designed to obtain gas savings whose value is greater than the costs of the program. Program cost-effectiveness shall be reviewed annually by the department, or otherwise as is practicable. If the department determines that a program fails the cost-effectiveness test as part of the review process, the program shall either be modified to meet the test or shall be terminated. On or before January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the board shall provide a report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to energy and the environment, that documents expenditures and funding for such programs and evaluates the cost-effectiveness of such programs conducted in the preceding year, including any increased costeffectiveness owing to offering programs that save more than one fuel resource.

(3) Programs included in the plan may include, but are not limited to: (A) Conservation and load management programs, including programs that benefit low-income individuals; (B) research, development and commercialization of products or processes that are more energy-efficient than those generally available; (C) development of markets for such products and processes; (D) support for energy use assessment, engineering studies and services related to new construction or major building renovations; (E) the design, manufacture, commercialization and purchase of energy-efficient appliances, air conditioning and heating devices; (F) program planning and evaluation; (G) joint fuel conservation initiatives and programs targeted at saving more than one fuel resource; and (H) public education regarding conservation. Such support may be by direct funding, manufacturers' rebates, sale price and loan subsidies, leases and promotional and educational activities. The plan shall also provide

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1011 for expenditures by the Energy Conservation Management Board for

- 1012 the retention of expert consultants and reasonable administrative costs,
- 1013 provided such consultants shall not be employed by, or have any
- 1014 contractual relationship with, a gas company. Such costs shall not
- 1015 <u>exceed five per cent of the total cost of the plan.</u>
- Sec. 23. Subsection (a) of section 16-50x of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective July
- 1018 1, 2005):
- 1019 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the general statutes to
- the contrary, except as provided in section 16-243, the council shall
- 1021 have exclusive jurisdiction over the location and type of facilities and
- over the location and type of modifications of facilities subject to the
- 1023 provisions of subsection (d) of this section. In ruling on applications
- for certificates or petitions for a declaratory ruling for facilities and on
- 1025 requests for shared use of facilities, the council shall give such
- 1026 consideration to other state laws and municipal regulations as it shall
- deem appropriate. Whenever the council certifies a facility pursuant to
- 1028 this chapter, such certification shall satisfy and be in lieu of all
- 1029 certifications, approvals and other requirements of state and municipal
- 1030 agencies in regard to any questions of public need, convenience and
- necessity for such facility.
- Sec. 24. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 16-244c of the
- 1033 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- thereof (*Effective July 1, 2005*):
- 1035 (b) (1) On and after [January 1, 2004] July 1, 2005, each electric
- 1036 distribution company shall make available to all customers in its
- 1037 service area, the provision of electric generation and distribution
- 1038 services through a transitional standard offer. Under the transitional
- 1039 standard offer, a customer shall receive electric services at a rate
- 1040 established by the Department of Public Utility Control pursuant to
- subdivision (2) of this subsection. Each electric distribution company
- 1042 shall provide electric generation services in accordance with such

option to any customer who affirmatively chooses to receive electric generation services pursuant to the transitional standard offer or does not or is unable to arrange for or maintain electric generation services with an electric supplier. The transitional standard offer shall terminate on December 31, 2006. While providing electric generation services under the transitional standard offer, an electric distribution company may provide electric generation services through any of its generation entities or affiliates, provided such entities or affiliates are licensed pursuant to section 16-245.

- Sec. 25. Subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 16-244c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2005*):
- (D) The transitional standard offer (i) shall be adjusted to the extent of any increase or decrease in state taxes attributable to sections 12-264 and 12-265 and any other increase or decrease in state or federal taxes resulting from a change in state or federal law, (ii) shall be adjusted to provide for the cost of contracts under subdivision (2) of subsection (j) of this section, as amended by this act, and the administrative costs for the procurement of such contracts, and (iii) shall continue to be adjusted during such period pursuant to section 16-19b. Savings attributable to a reduction in taxes shall not be shifted between customer classes. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 16-19b, the provisions of section 16-19b shall apply to electric distribution companies.
- Sec. 26. Subsection (j) of section 16-244c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2005):
  - (j) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section regarding an alternative transitional standard offer option or an alternative standard service option, an electric distribution company providing transitional standard offer service, standard service, supplier of last resort service or back-up electric generation

service in accordance with this section shall contract with its wholesale suppliers to comply with the renewable portfolio standards. The Department of Public Utility Control shall annually conduct a contested case, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, in order to determine whether the electric distribution company's wholesale suppliers met the renewable portfolio standards during the preceding year. An electric distribution company shall include a provision in its contract with each wholesale supplier that requires the wholesale supplier to pay the electric distribution company an amount of five and one-half cents per kilowatt hour if the wholesale supplier fails to comply with the renewable portfolio standards during the subject annual period. The electric distribution company shall promptly transfer any payment received from the wholesale supplier for the failure to meet the renewable portfolio standards to the Renewable Energy Investment Fund for the development of Class I renewable energy sources. Any payment made pursuant to this section shall not be considered revenue or income to the electric distribution company.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section regarding an alternative transitional standard offer option or an alternative standard service option, an electric distribution company providing transitional standard offer service, standard service, supplier of last resort service or back-up electric generation service in accordance with this section shall, not later than July 1, 2007, file with the Department of Public Utility Control for its approval one or more long-term power purchase contracts from Class I renewable energy source projects that receive funding from the Renewable Energy Investment Fund and that are not less than one megawatt in size, at a price that is [not more than the total of the comparable wholesale market price for generation plus five and one-half cents per kilowatt hour fifty per cent of the wholesale market electricity cost at the point at which transmission lines intersect with each other or interface with the distribution system, plus the projected cost of fuel indexed to natural gas futures contracts on the New York Mercantile Exchange at

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the natural gas pipeline interchange located in Vermillion Parish, Louisiana that serves as the delivery point for such futures contracts, plus the fuel delivery charge for transporting fuel to the project. In its approval of such contracts, the department shall give preference to purchase contracts from those projects that would provide a financial benefit to ratepayers or would enhance the reliability of the electric transmission system of the state. Such projects shall be located in this state and the developer of such a project with a fuel cell shall be allocated no less than fifty per cent of the energy credits in the Class I renewable energy credits program established in section 16-245a. Such contracts shall be comprised of not less than a total, apportioned among each electric distribution company, of one hundred megawatts. The cost of such contracts and the administrative costs for the procurement of such contracts directly incurred shall be eligible for inclusion in the [generation services charge component of rates] adjustment to the standard offer as provided in subparagraph (D) of subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section, as amended by this act, provided [that] such contracts are for a period of time sufficient to provide financing for such projects, but not less than ten years and are for projects which began operation on or after July 1, 2003. [The amount from Class I renewable energy sources contracted under such contracts shall be applied to reduce the applicable Class I renewable energy source portfolio standards.] For purposes of this subdivision, the department's determination of the comparable wholesale market price for generation shall be based upon a reasonable estimate."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	from passage	16-1(a)	
Sec. 2	from passage	16-1(a)(40) and (41)	
Sec. 3	from passage	16-19ss(d)	
Sec. 4	from passage	16-244e(a)(6)	
Sec. 5	from passage	16-245m	
Sec. 6	from passage	16-245n	
Sec. 7	October 1, 2005	16-245d(a)	
Sec. 8	from passage	New section	

Sec. 9	from passage	New section
Sec. 10	from passage	New section
Sec. 11	from passage	New section
Sec. 12	from passage	New section
Sec. 13	from passage	New section
Sec. 14	from passage	New section
Sec. 15	from passage	New section
Sec. 16	from passage	New section
Sec. 17	from passage	New section
Sec. 18	from passage	16-50k(a)
Sec. 19	from passage	New section
Sec. 20	from passage	New section
Sec. 21	from passage	New section
Sec. 22	July 1, 2005	16-32f
Sec. 23	July 1, 2005	16-50x(a)
Sec. 24	July 1, 2005	16-244c(b)(1)
Sec. 25	July 1, 2005	16-244c(b)(2)(D)
Sec. 26	July 1, 2005	16-244c(j)